

FUTURE FOR OTB : HOW WILL YOU USE OTB IN THE NEXT FEW YEARS ?

30/11/2021

OTB User Days – @Artilect TOULOUSE

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Back in the past : where does OTB come from ?



Image processing library : covers all needs in Remote Sensing

Funded and developed by CNES :
State of the art algorithms / in the frame of the development of Pleiades satellites.

Open-Source : Apache V2.0

Maximum reach : for all kind of users, SIG, scientists... laptop to clusters computers

Software distribution : built upon major libraries

Success stories : a nice 15 years old story...

- Used at CNES, ESA (European Space Agency), mission exploitation platforms, remote sensing labs
- More than twenty training sessions around the world ☺
- OTB helped to improve the open-source codec for JP2 OpenJpeg
- Lots of algorithms from PhD, internships, etc. have been developed in OTB
- Big data capable
- Streaming / pipeline
- Applications : write it once, use everywhere
- => ~ 100 applications, tens of Remote Modules
- User community

Every day irritating tasks



Lots of libraries updates (> 15 main dependencies)

Continuous Integration (lots of different builds)

Installation/packaging issues

Dynamic user community... but lots of issues/bugs
and not enough time to correct them !

What's prevent us to do more...



Lots of target platforms (Linux, Windows, Mac)
+ Conda, Docker
+ Linux distributions : (Debian, OSGeo Live, etc.)

Intrinsic code complexity (architecture, C++)

Many ways to use : command-line, GUI, Python,
Monteverdi, QGIS

Remote-Module obsolescence...

(too ?) many applications

In the last years

Some processing chains are not based on OTB any more...

- We need to understand **why users/developers use other softwares**

Brainstorming with the first OTB developers

- **Compatibility with Python environments**
- **Execution pipeline (streaming, etc.)**
- **OTB became too big / too heavy / too complex to maintain**

User surveys (OTB user forum)

- Try to clarify what is mainly used (OS, interfaces, applications, use case)

Software audit

- Challenge OTB, understand its weaknesses, imagine the future

Too Tall

Too Tall

Tall

Tall

Perfect

Perfect

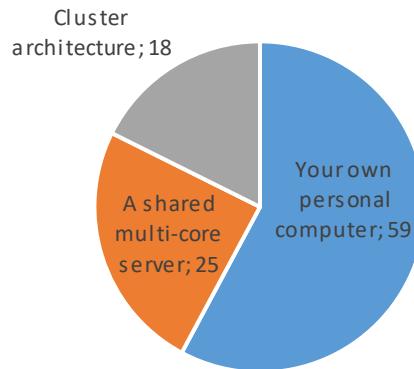
Too Short

Too Short



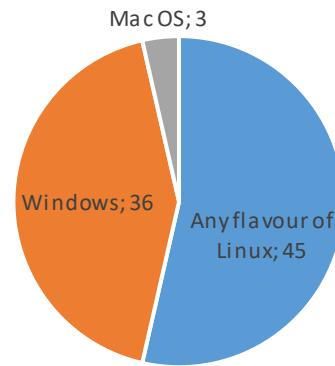
User survey (66 answers) : main tendencies

Where do you run OTB applications ?



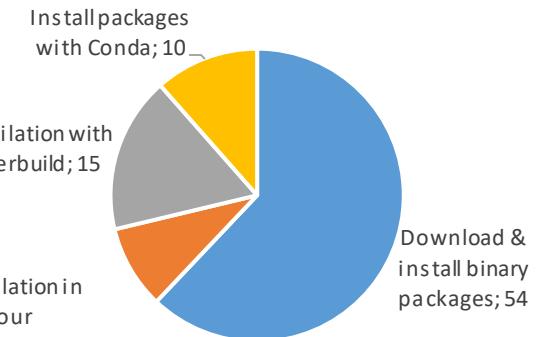
■ Your own personal computer ■ A shared multi-core server ■ Cluster architecture

Your operating system



■ Any flavour of Linux ■ Windows ■ Mac OS

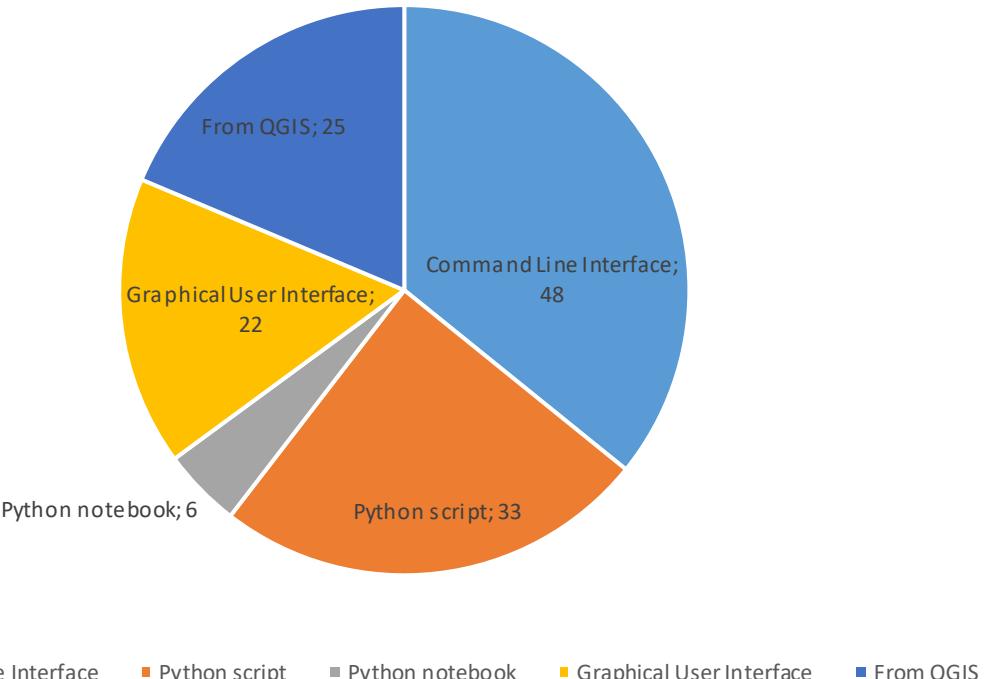
How do you install OTB ?



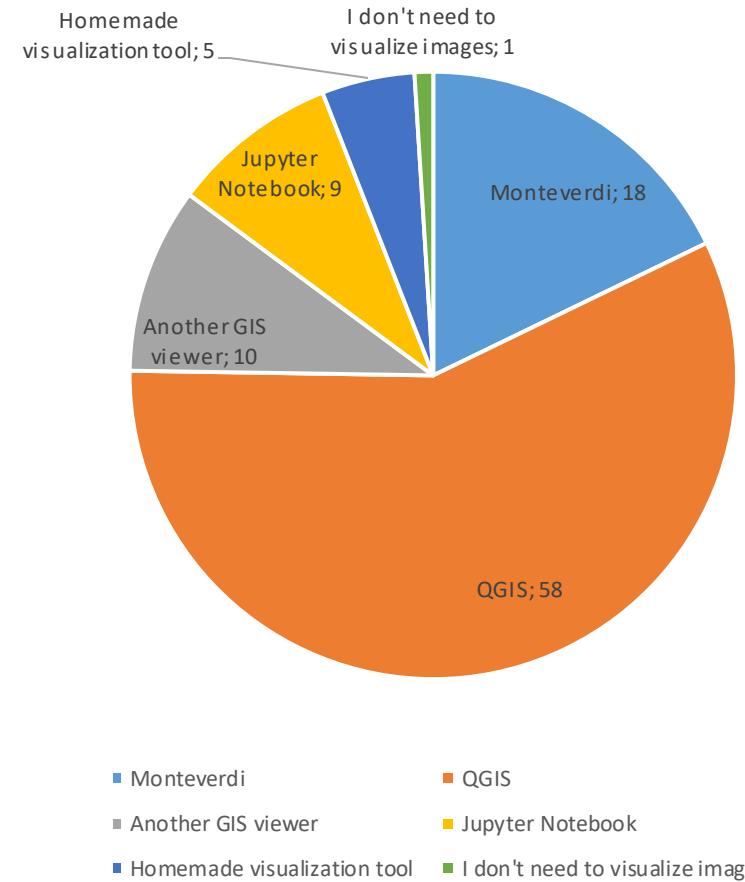
■ Download & install binary packages ■ Compilation in your environment
 ■ Compilation with Superbuild ■ Install packages with Conda

User survey

How do you use OTB applications ?



How do you display images ?

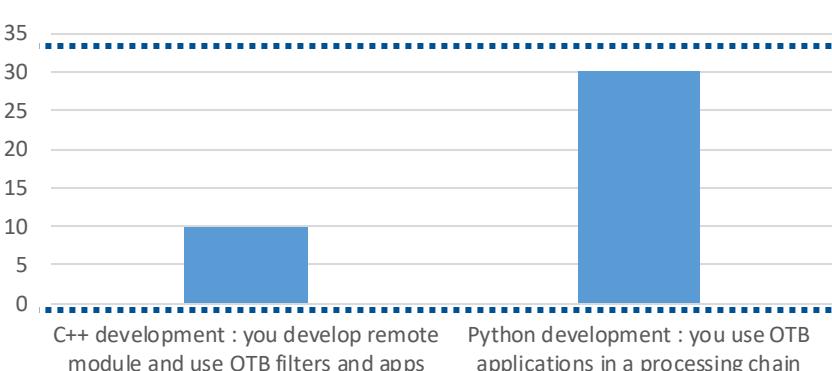


■ Command Line Interface ■ Python script ■ Python notebook ■ Graphical User Interface ■ From QGIS

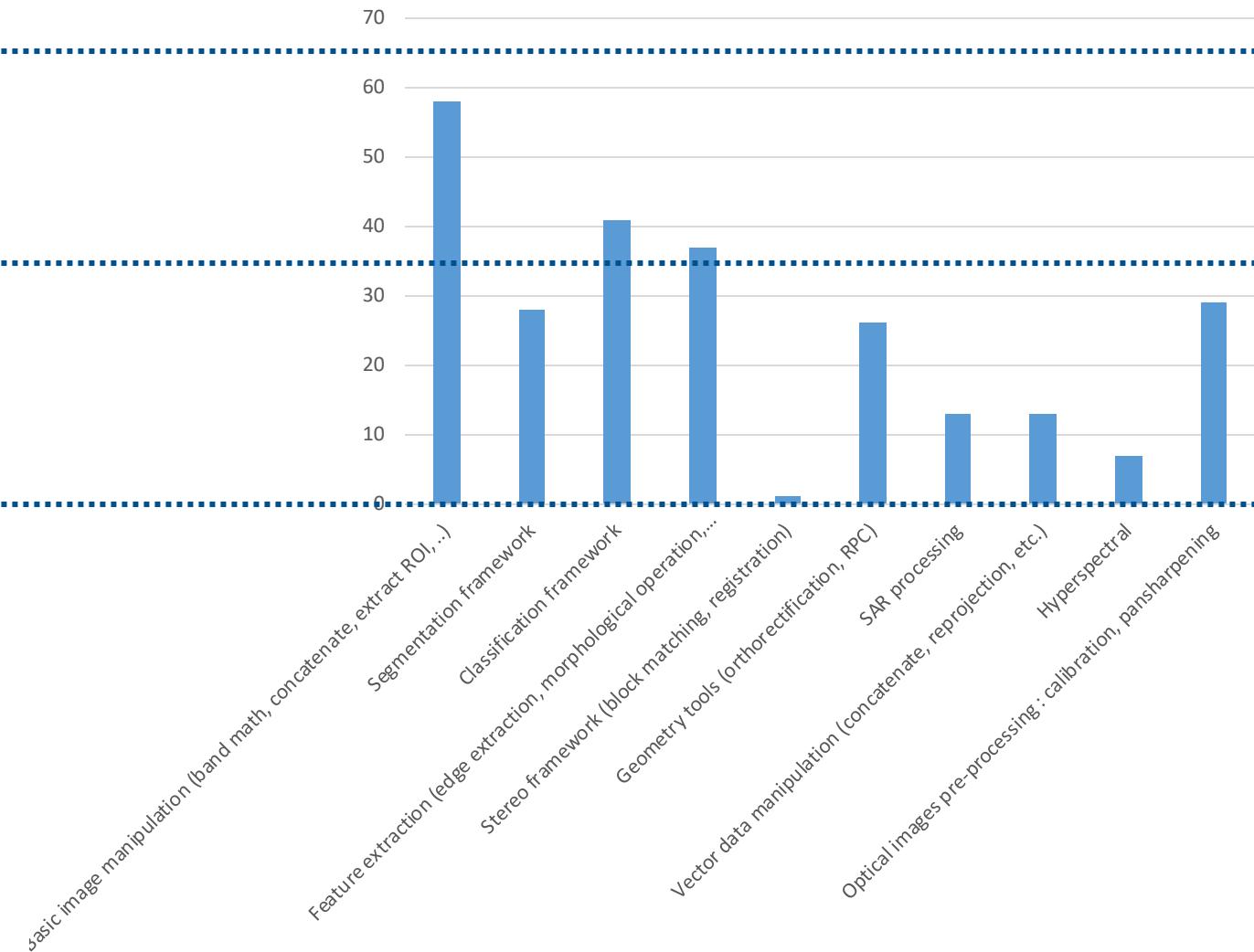
■ Monteverdi ■ QGIS
■ Another GIS viewer ■ Jupyter Notebook
■ Homemade visualization tool ■ I don't need to visualize images

User survey

Developers corner



Applications you use most



Use cases (1/3)



Laptop
Few satellite images

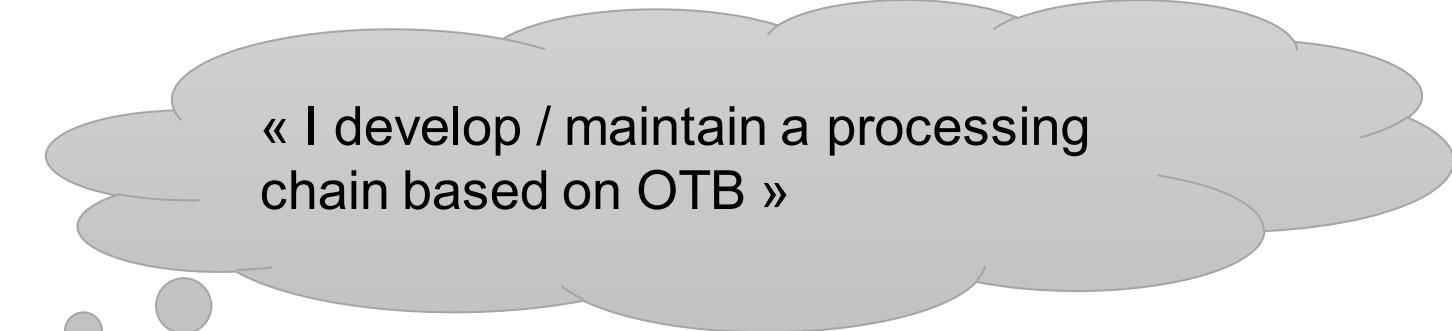
Sparse images
Some basic treatments / use
of the classification/
segmentation framework

- Fonctions de base / frameworks segmentation & classification
- Binary packages installation
- QGIS

Use case (2/3)

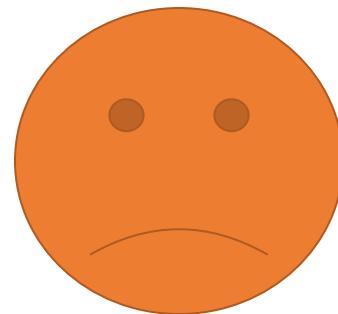


Server
Heavy images processing



- Lots of base functions ... plus some specific functions in OTB
- Software updates

Use cases (3/3)



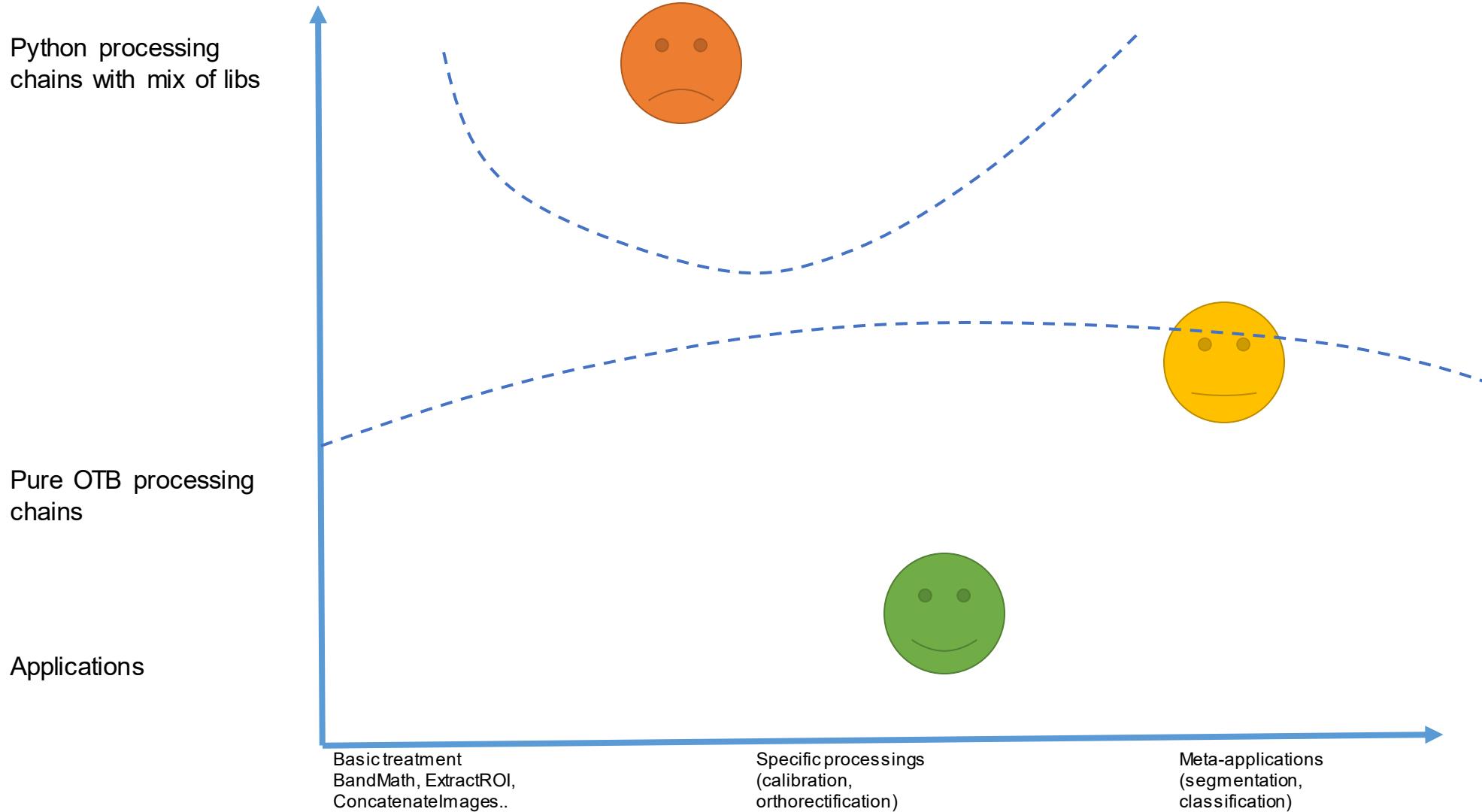
Big server, cloud computing, etc.

Big data

« I want to use OTB in an existing Python processing chain »

- Only a few specific functions
- Hard to install in a Python environment
- Hard to use with other Python libs (rasterio, xarray, etc.)

User satisfaction / use cases



A few conclusions from the survey

No need to maintain as many platforms (Linux / Windows ... very few mac users)

Binary packages / conda packages ... Few compilations from scratch

QGIS gain many users : QGIS interfaces can replace OTB gui

Drop Monteverdi

Python : favourite environment for developers

Applications : core OTB to identify (some low level applications, specific preprocessing applications, SAR applications)

Software audit : new ways to make data science

Jupyter notebooks / Jupyter hub virtual envs

Pip install

Lots of Python libs : gdal, numpy, sk-learn, scipy, (geo)pandas, etc.

New ways to deal with execution pipeline (dask..)

(....)

But a lot of tasks to tackle (satellite images reading, preprocessings, metadata, image registration / re-sampling, geometry/projection....)

Le “Why” de l'OTB

Nous vous proposons...



“Être la référence dans le
traitement avancé
d'images satellites”

Le NumPy de l'image satellite

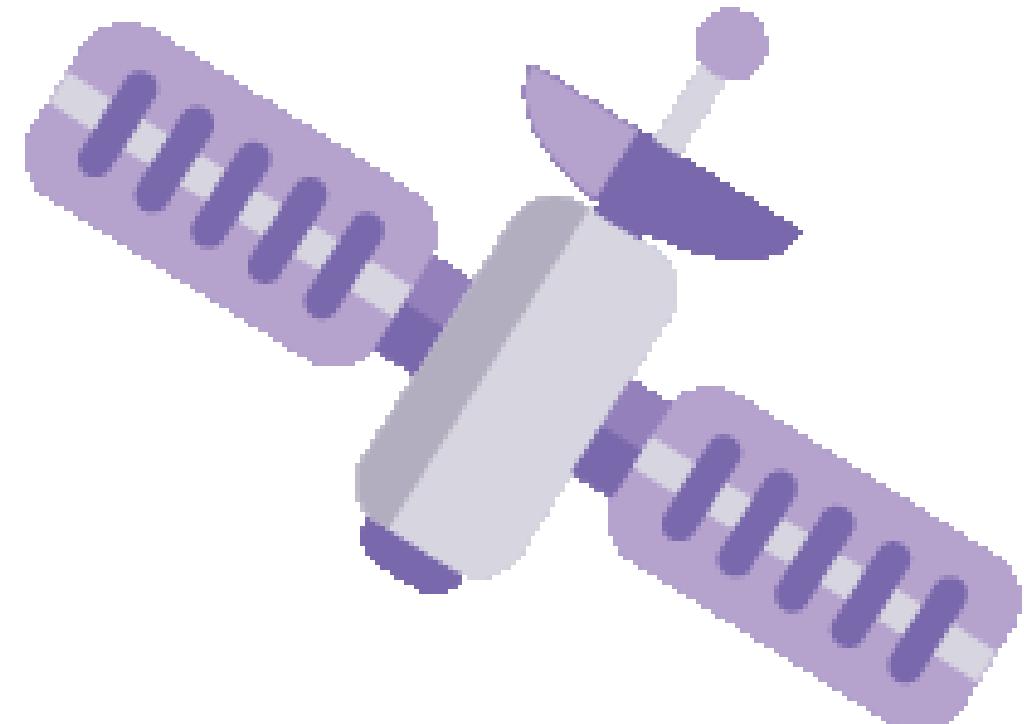


Schéma de l'OTB actuel

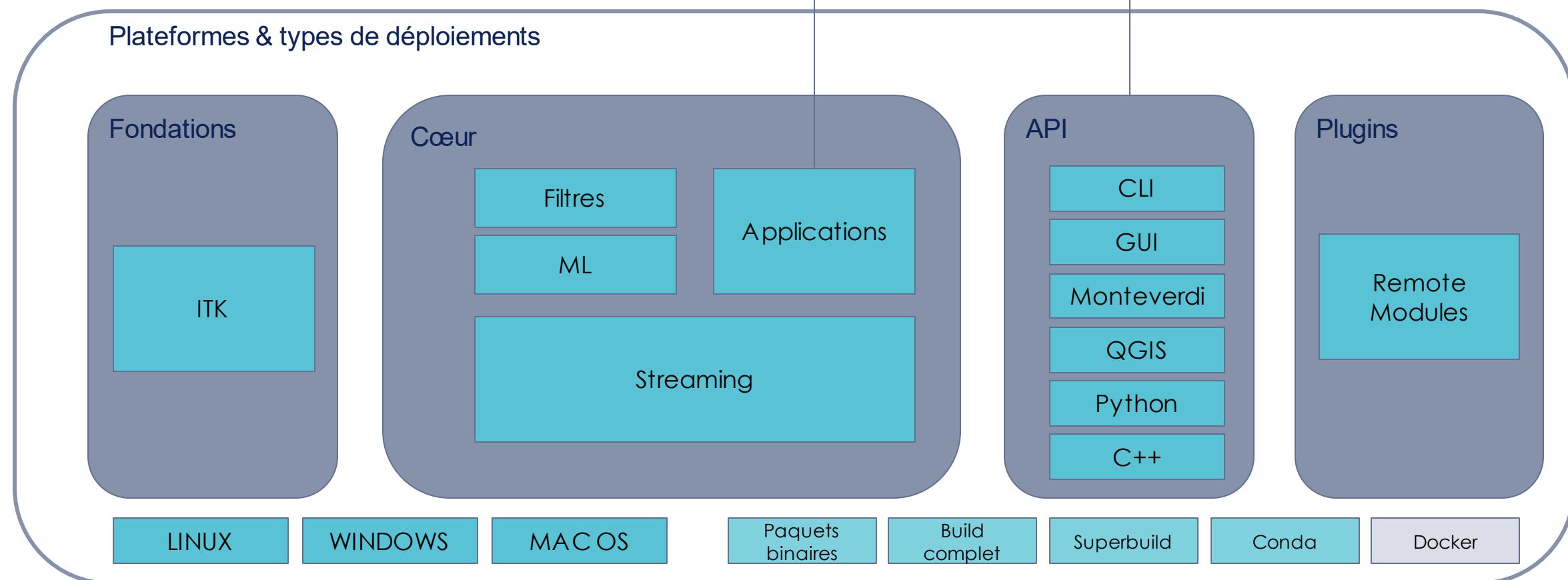
Thématiques couvertes

- Pré-traitements imagerie optique (ortho, calibration)
- Filtres d'extraction de features
- Machine learning (classification pixellique, OBIA)
- Segmentation
- Traitements SAR
- Processing hyperspectral
- Détection de changements

Profils utilisateurs

- Utilisateur Python / scientifique
 - Traitement batch
 - Laptop > Serveur
 - Python
- Étude occasionnelle
 - Traitement 1 à quelques images
 - Laptop
 - QGIS
- Chaîne de traitement télédétection
 - Traitement images massif
 - Serveur > Cluster
 - C++ / Python

Plateformes & types de déploiements



Go toward an OTB « LTS »

OTB LTS :

- **Lightest**
- « Pip installable » → what kind of installation process ?
- Concentrate on a few OS
- Less interfaces, but more pythonic
- **OTB « core » :**
 - Preprocessing (calibration, orthorectification, re-sampling, etc.)
 - Main basic apps
 - SAR processing : specific to OTB / several processing chains
 - Segmentation / Machine learning / ... → remote modules ?
- **Drop Monteverdi, QT GUI (replace by QGIS plugin)**